### Shape of the Political Map

- state
- nation
- sovereignty
- nation-state
- multinational state
- stateless nation
- autonomous state
- multistate nation
- nationalism
- centrifugal forces
- centripetal forces
- imperialism
- colonialism
- decolonization
- Berlin Conference (Congo Conference)
- 1884
- neocolonialism
- genocide
- satellite state
- Cold War
- ethnic cleansing
- Exclave
- Enclave

### Territory, Power & Boundaries

- geopolitics
- open boundary
- cracking
- territoriality
- definitional boundary
- packing
- Organic Theory
- locational boundary
- stacking
- Heartland Theory
- irredentism
- hijacking
- Rimland Theory
- operational boundary
- kidnapping
- defined boundary
- allocational boundary
- shatterbelt
- delimited boundary
- The United Nations Convention of the Law of the Sea
- unitary state
- demarcated boundary
- territorial sea
- federal state
- natural boundary
- contiguous zone
- compact state
- geometric boundary
- Exclusive Economic Zone
- elongated state
- cultural boundary
- high seas
- prorupted state
- antecedent boundary
- electorate
- perforated state
- subsequent boundary
- census
- fragmented state
- relic boundary
- reapportionment
- annexation
- superimposed boundary
- redistricting
- militarized boundary
- Gerrymandering
- networks
- Subnationalism

### Globalization

- globalization
- balkanization
- supranationalism
- democratization
- horizontal integration
- time-space compression
- Vertical integration
- regionalism
- devolution
- nationalism
- terrorism
- homogeneous
- autonomous regions
- transnational corporation

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**Be Able to Answer:**

- Identify and explain effects on boundaries that resulted from the fall of communism in Europe
- Identify and explain two types of conflicts that emerged after the fall of communism in Europe
- explain the costs and benefits of globalization
- Describe what social, historical, and economical factors have influenced modern political maps at various scales?
- Discuss how boundaries reflect ideas of territoriality and political power on various scales?
- How has globalization changed the way people live?
- Identify and describe examples of supranational organizations
- Describe and give examples of different state morphologies
- Explain why a state’s internal boundaries are important and how they affect representation of it’s people in government.
- Explain the following for each of the genocide project presentations: parties involved, causes, reactions/non-reactions by the US and the World, consequences.
- Define genocide according to the UN and give the context for the creation of this definition.
- Explain the steps in making a boundary: definition, delimitation, demarcation, administration
- Explain the purpose of various supranational organizations: EU, NATO, NAFTA, ASEAN, IMF